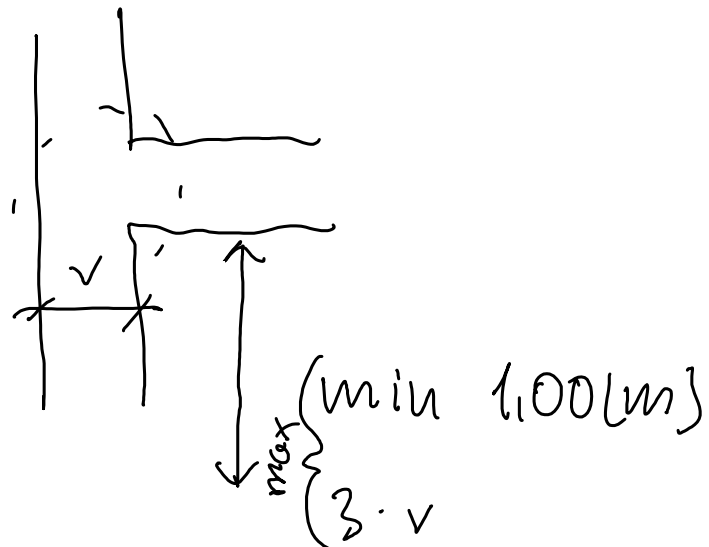
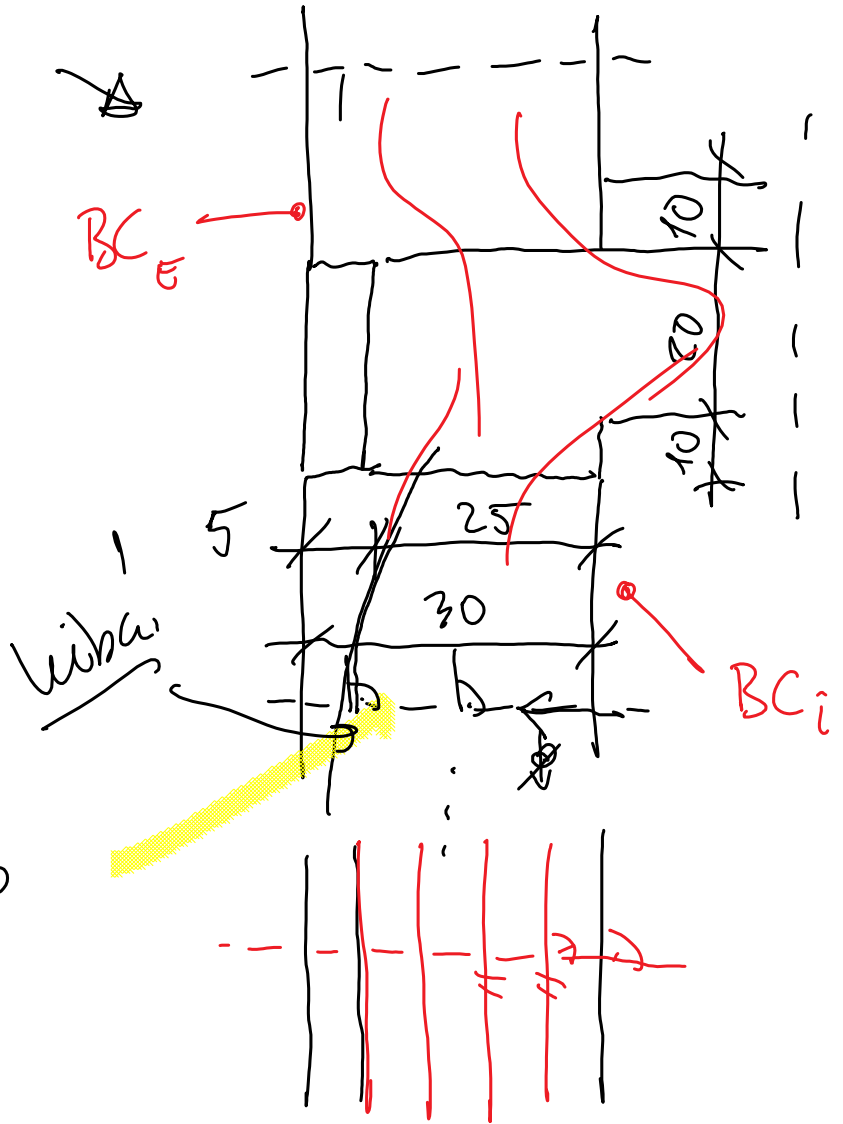
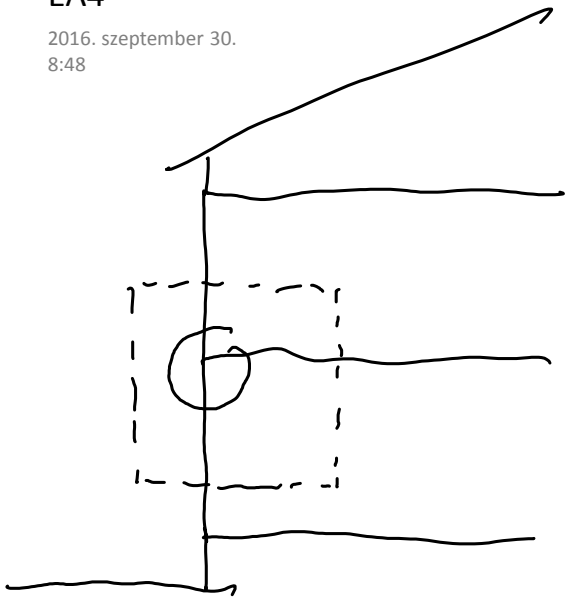


EA4

2016. szeptember 30.
8:48



I

pre - processing

- geometria
- anyagjellemzők
- fizika
- peremfeltételek
- kezdeti értékek
- numerikus ..
- háló
- diskretizáció
- ...



háló függés
vizsgálat

II

megoldás



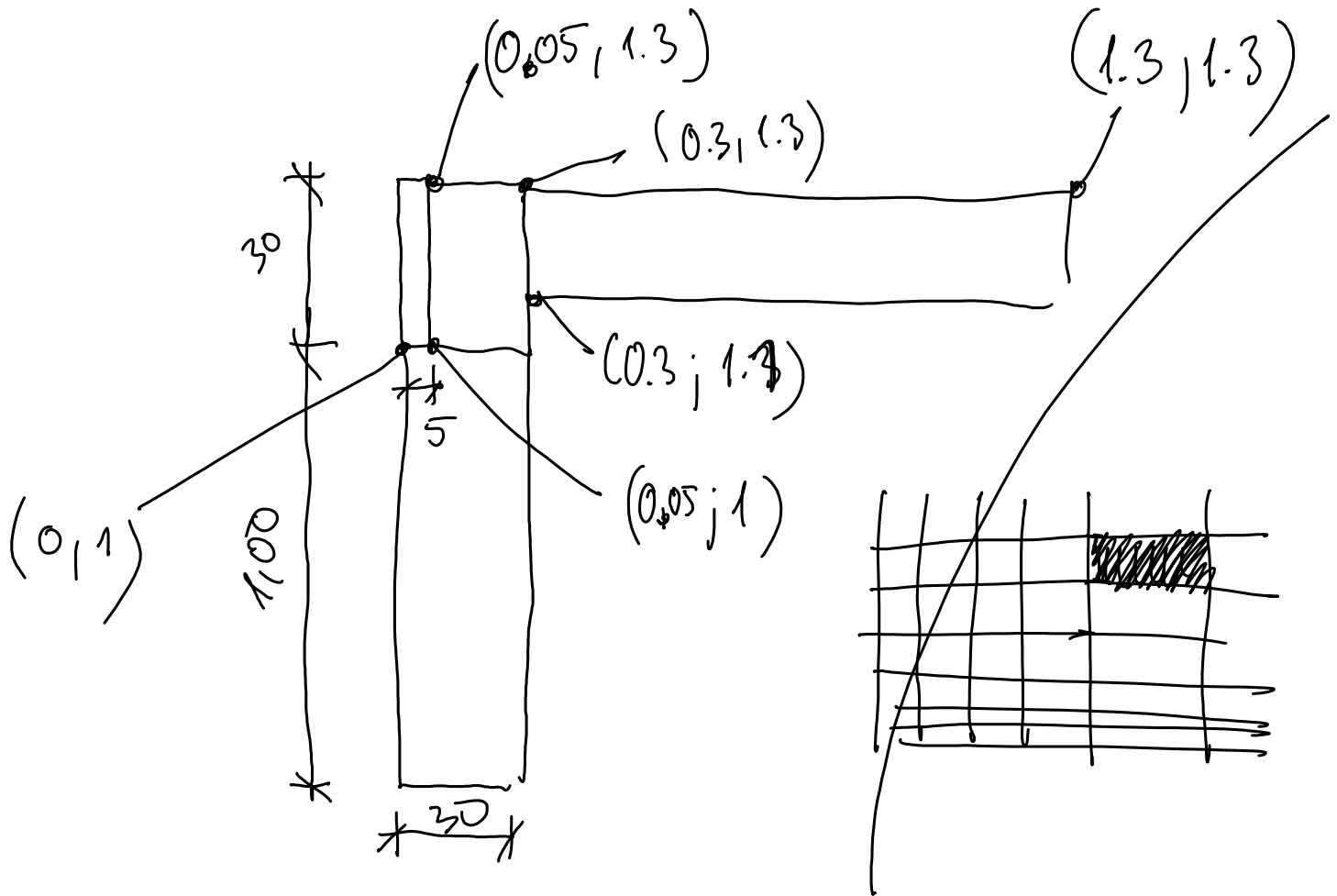
III

post - processing

- konvergencia?
- eredmények ellenőrzése
 - plauzibilitás?
 - validálás
 - analitikus megoldás
 - mérés
 - numerikus

numerikus
eredmény

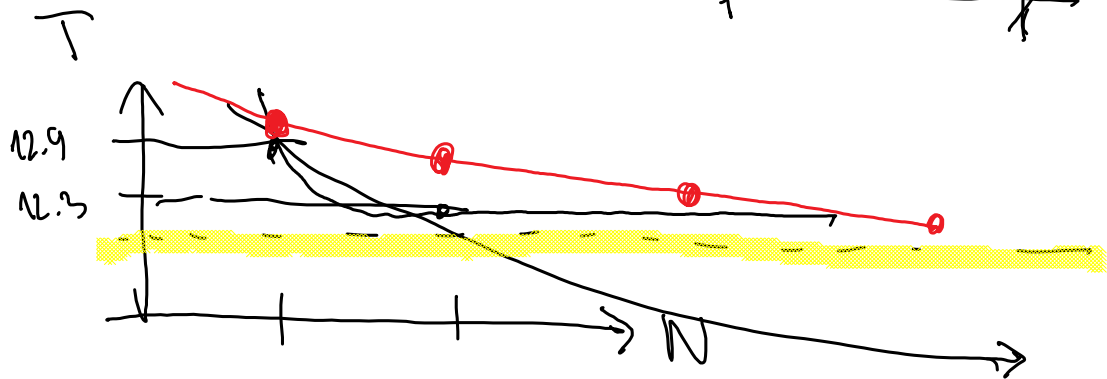
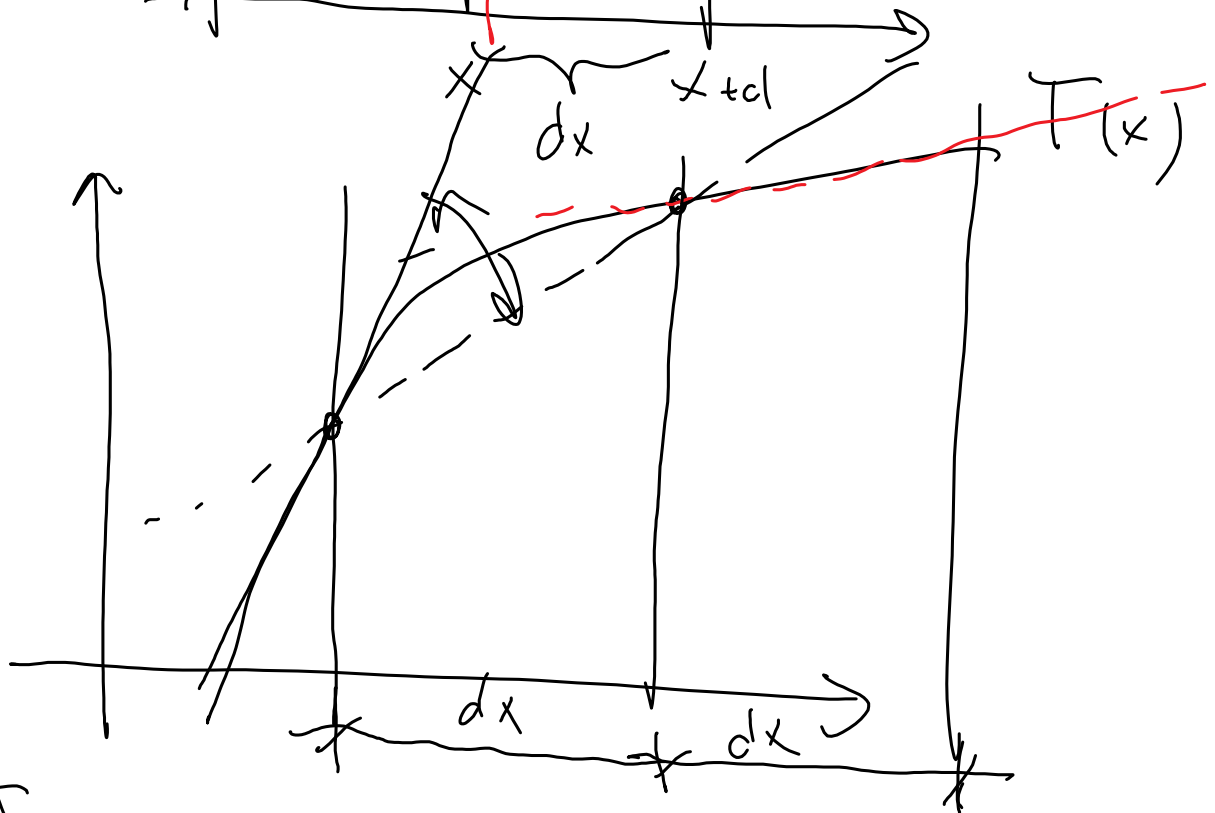
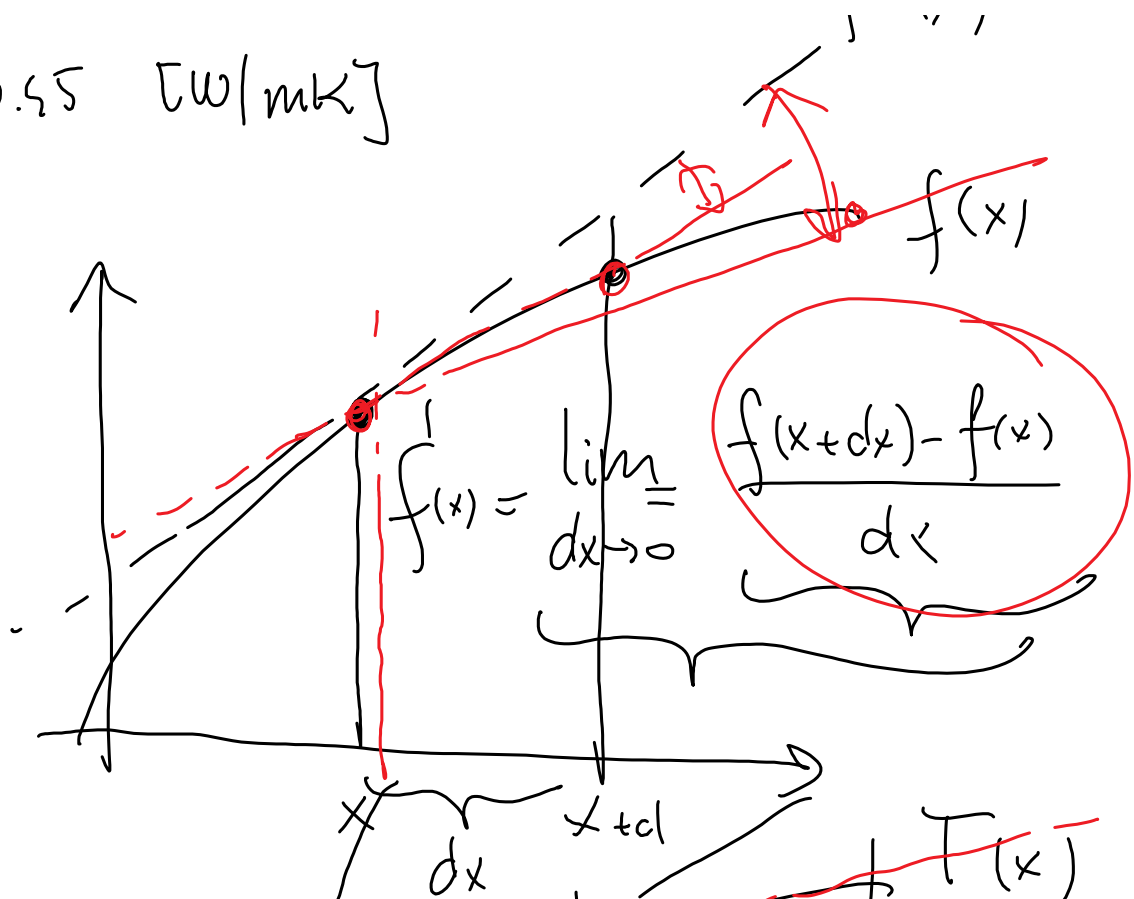
- kiértékelés → grafikus output
→ numerikus



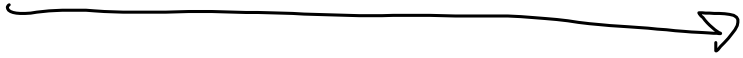
$\lambda \dots = 0.55 \text{ [W/mK]}$

$f'(x)$

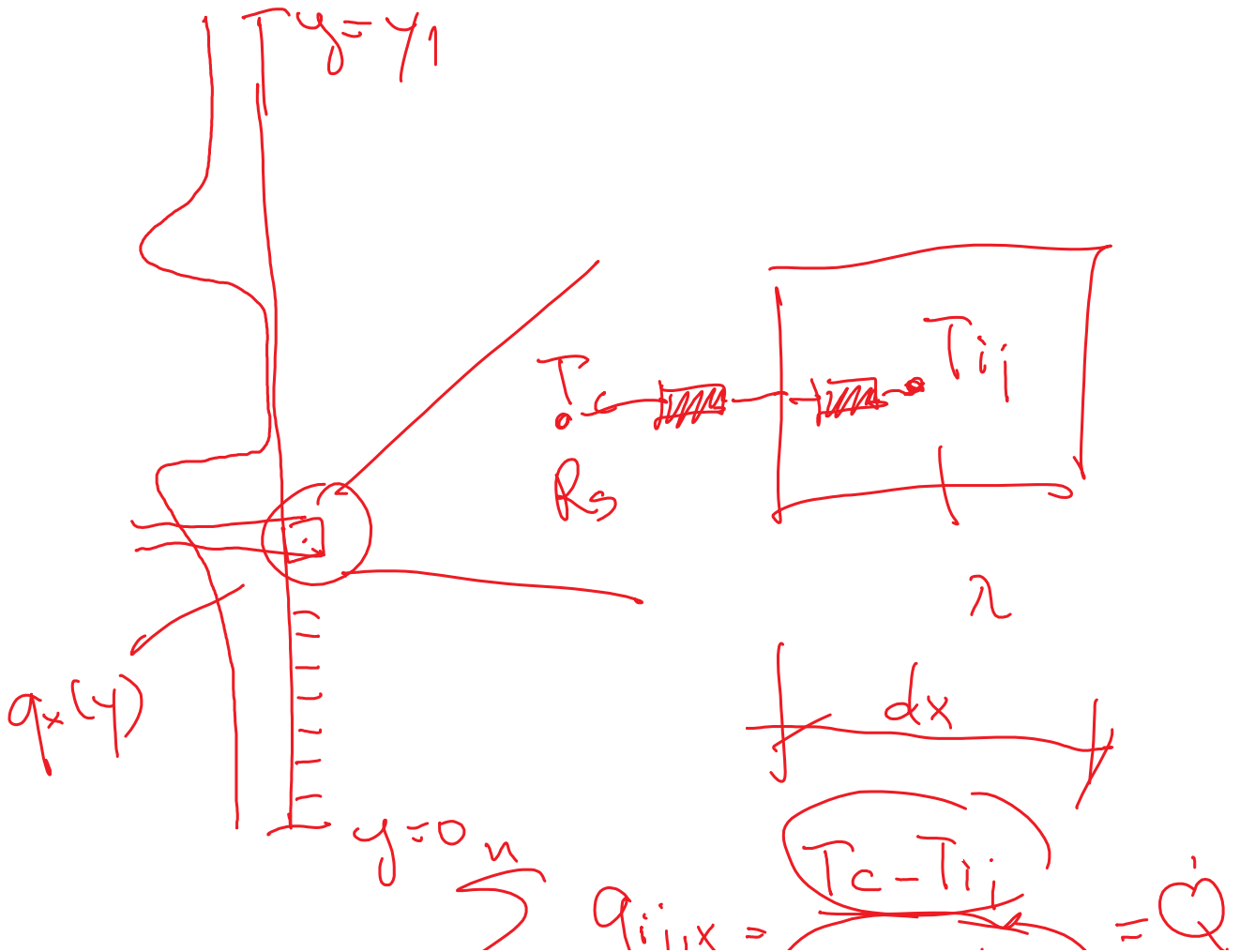
$$\lambda_{\text{brick}} = 0.55 \text{ [W/mK]}$$



200 800



$$q = -\lambda \nabla T$$



$$\sum_{i=0}^0 q_{i,i+1} = \frac{1 \cdot c - 1 \cdot j}{R_{st} + \frac{dx}{2 \cdot \lambda}} = \dot{Q} \quad \left[\frac{W}{m} \right]$$

$$\int_{y=0}^{y_1} q_x(y) dy = \dot{Q} \quad \left[\frac{W}{m} \right] = 73,3 \left[\frac{W}{m} \right]$$

$$\frac{\dot{Q}}{\Delta T} = \frac{73,3}{20} = 3,665 \left[\frac{W}{mK} \right] = L_{2D}$$

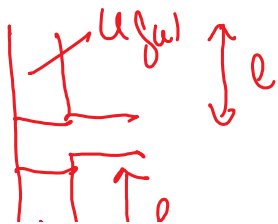
Termikus csatlóási tényező

$$\frac{W}{mK}$$

$$\frac{W}{mK} \cdot m$$

$$L_{2D}$$

$$U_{fal} \cdot l_{fal} + hibac = \left[\sum U \cdot l \right] + \psi$$

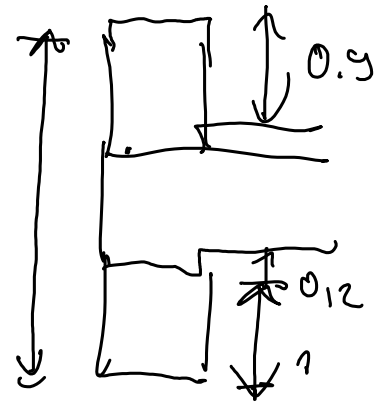




$$\psi_i = \underbrace{L_{2D}}_{\text{valòs } 2D} - \underbrace{\sum u \cdot l_i}_{1D}$$

$$\left[\frac{w}{mk} \right]$$

$$3,665 - 1,195 \cdot 1,9 = \underline{\underline{1,395}}$$



$$\frac{1}{\frac{0,13}{0,55} + 0,13 + 0,04} = 1,195$$